

OMC VISIONING

• Respond • Retool • Refurbish/Replace • Restore •

Activities Performed, Efficiencies and Benchmarking

Karen Estock

Division Director, Field Operations and Land Management
Operations, Maintenance & Construction

Governing Board
December 11, 2014

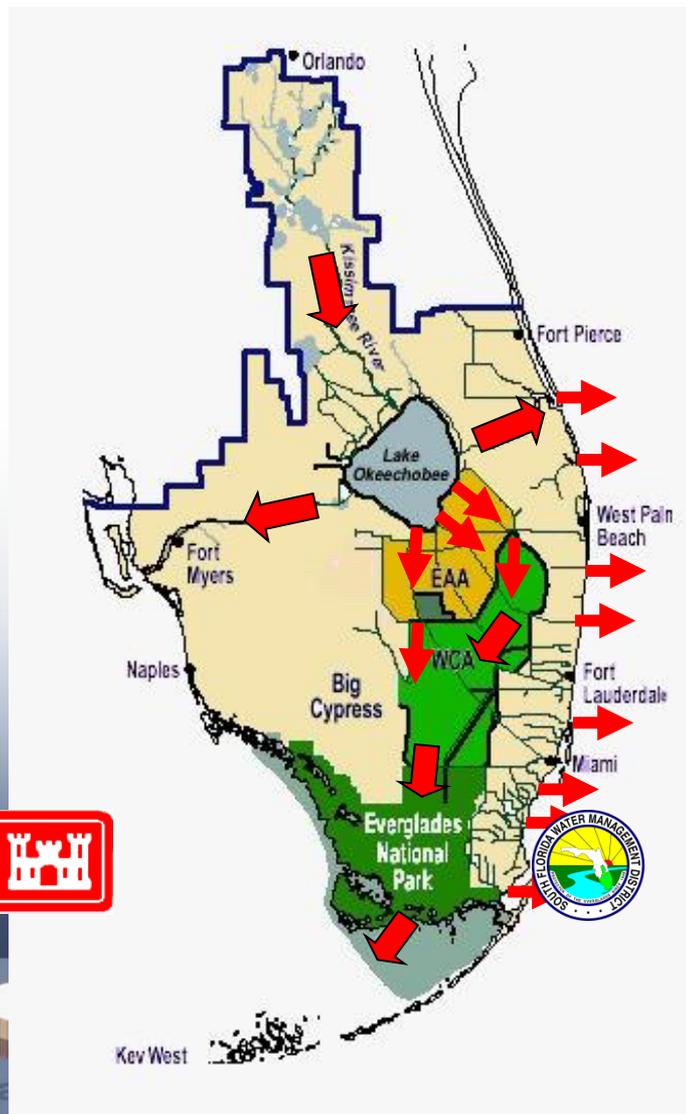
Operations, Maintenance & Construction

- Series of presentations over the next few months
- Early presentations include:
 - ✓ November: Infrastructure and Facilities
 - December: Activities Performed, Efficiencies and Benchmarking
 - January: Visioning of Future Infrastructure and OMC Responsibilities
 - February: Recommendations

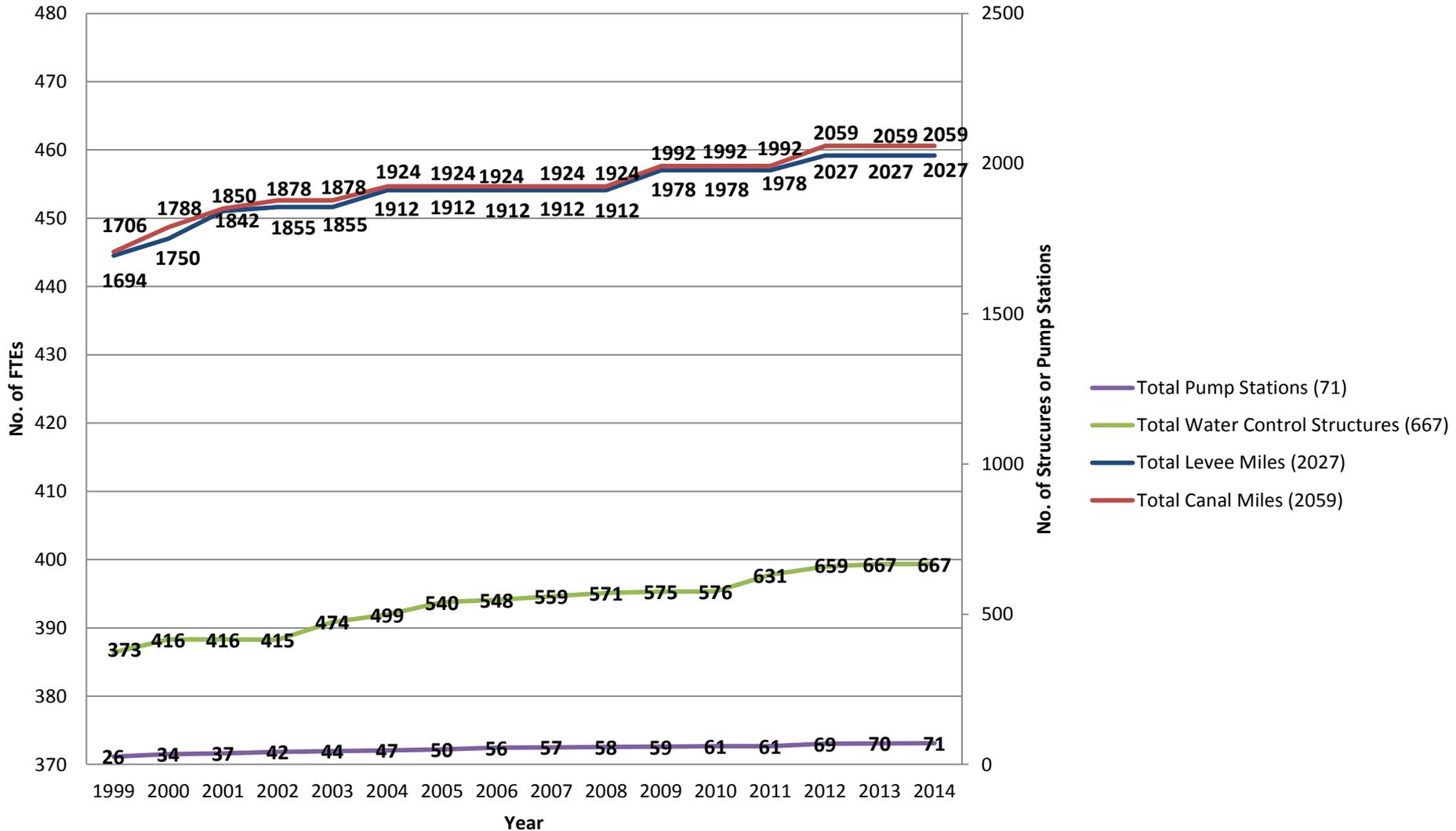
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Design Regional Flood Control System

- “Central and Southern Florida Project for Flood Control and Other Purposes”
- Authorized by Congress in 1948*

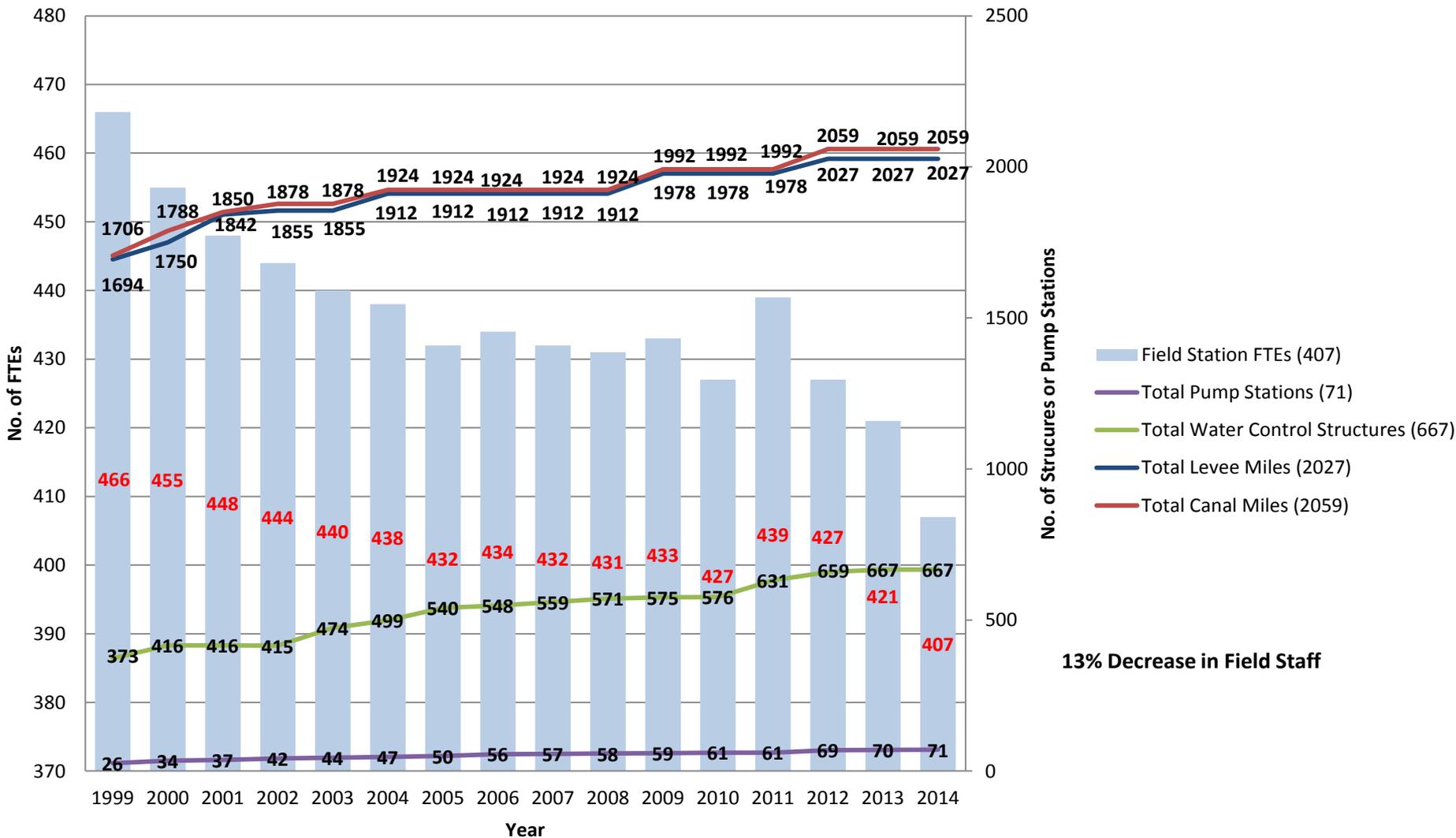
(* Everglades National Park established six months before)



Field Operations Infrastructure & Staff

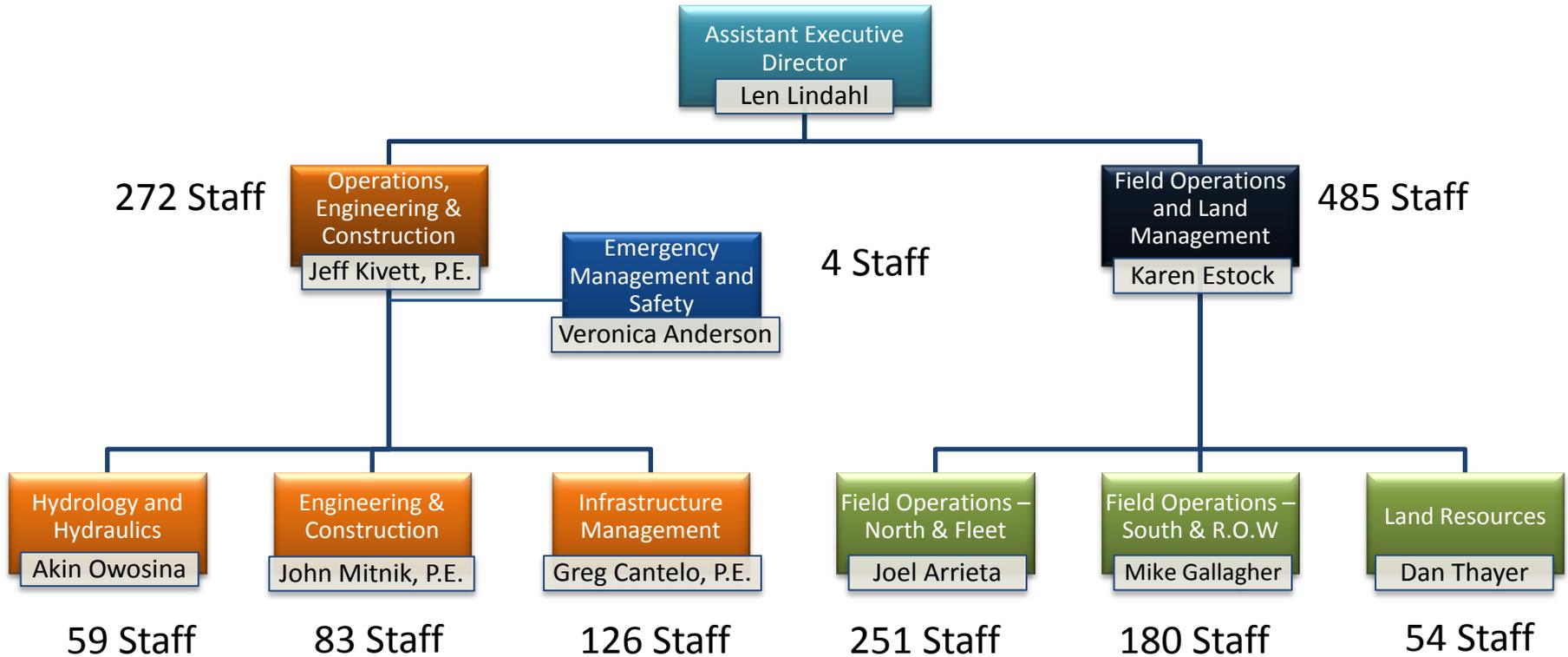


Field Operations Infrastructure & Staff



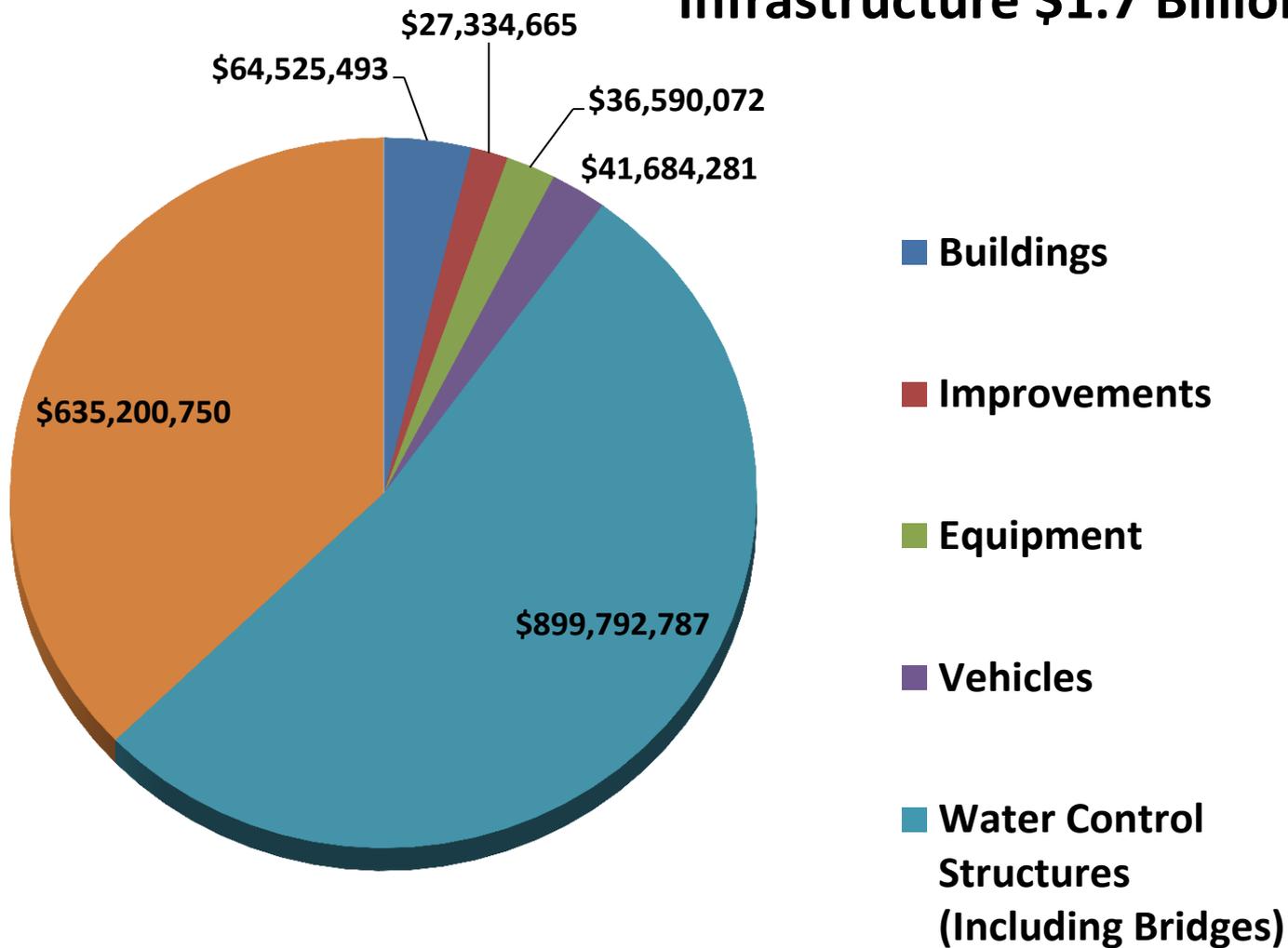
OMC Organization

1529 Total District Staff



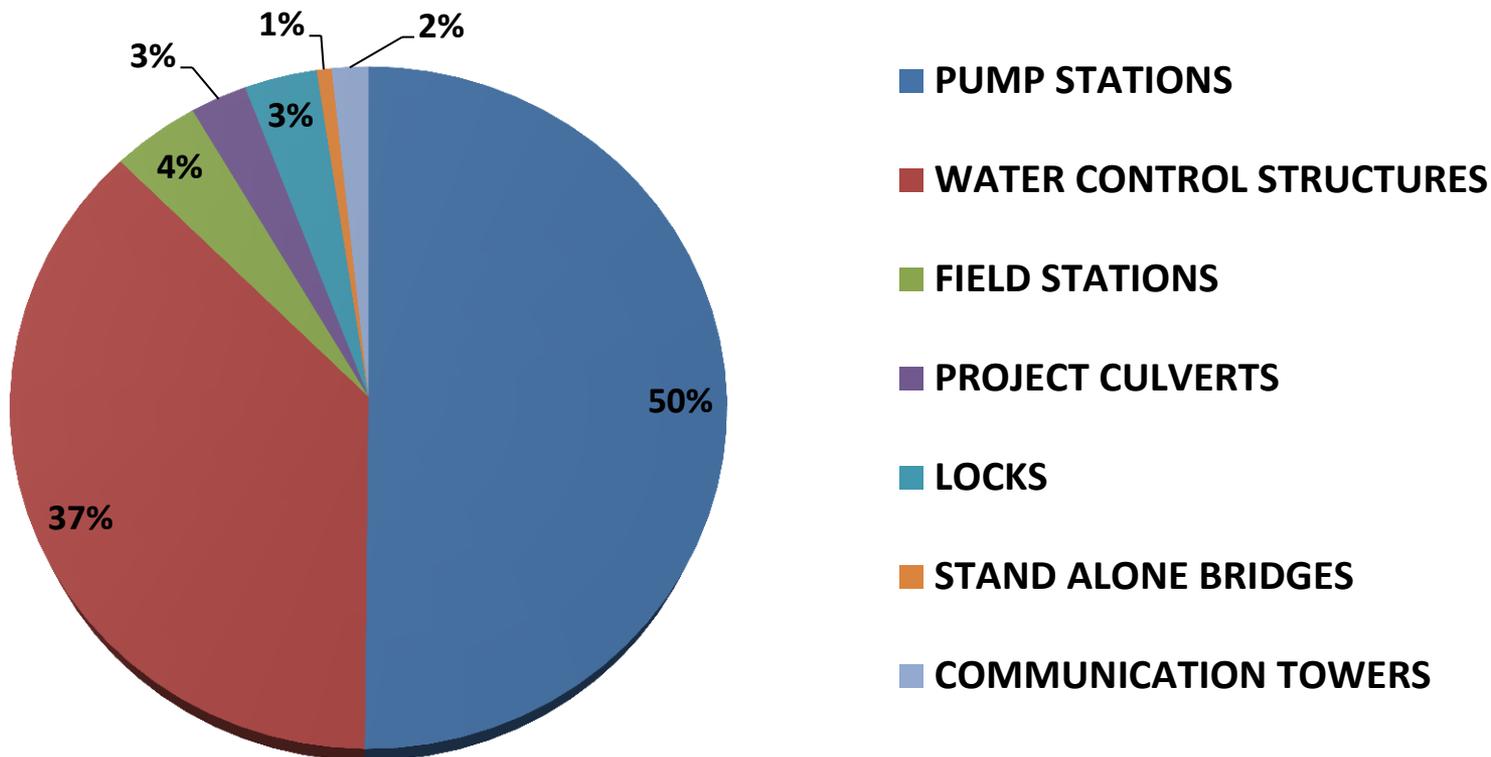
Infrastructure Assets

Infrastructure \$1.7 Billion



Infrastructure Assets

SFWMD Infrastructure Replacement Estimate



Infrastructure \$4.4 - \$5.2 Billion

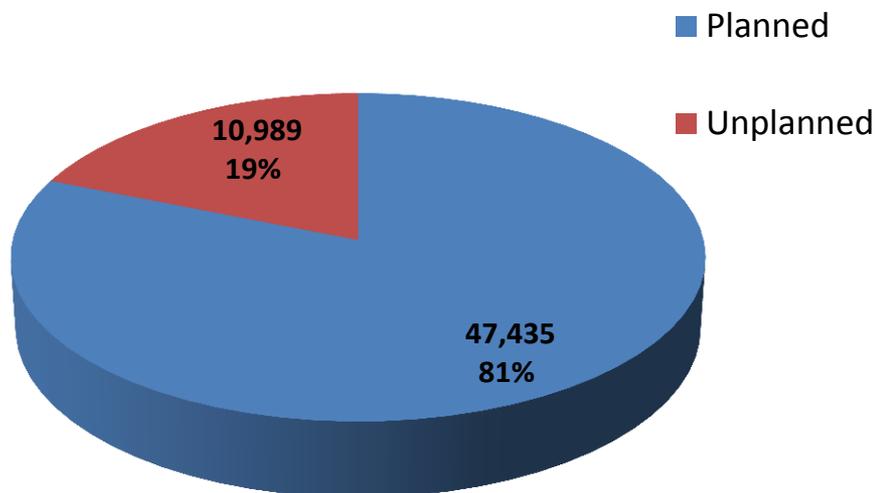
Benchmarking Maintenance – Past

Thumb nailing it...

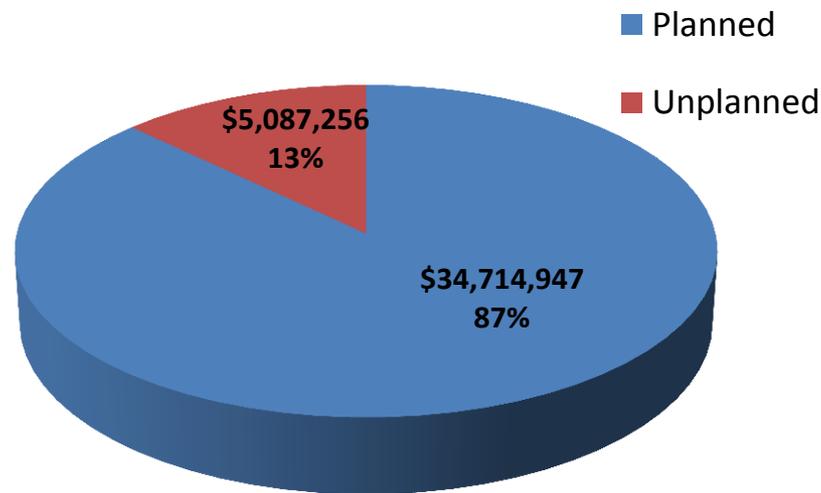


Benchmarking Maintenance – Present

Planned vs. Unplanned Work Order Count

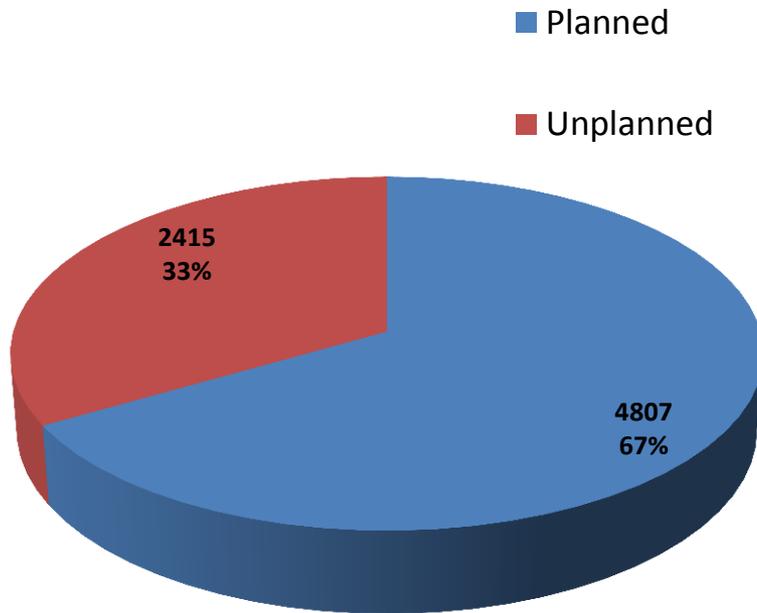


Planned vs. Unplanned Expenditures

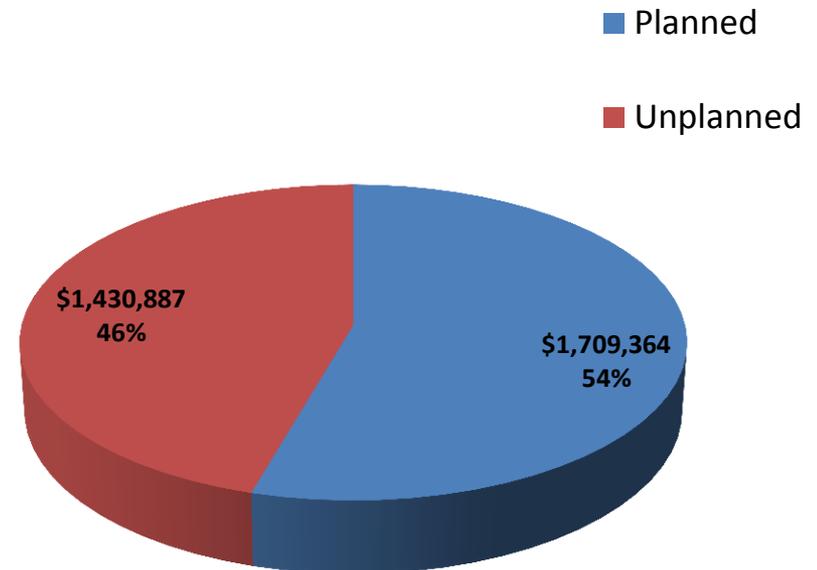


Benchmarking Maintenance – Present

Fleet Planned vs. Unplanned Work Order Count



Fleet Planned vs. Unplanned Expenditures



Benchmarking Maintenance & Capital – Present & Future



- Flow Weighted

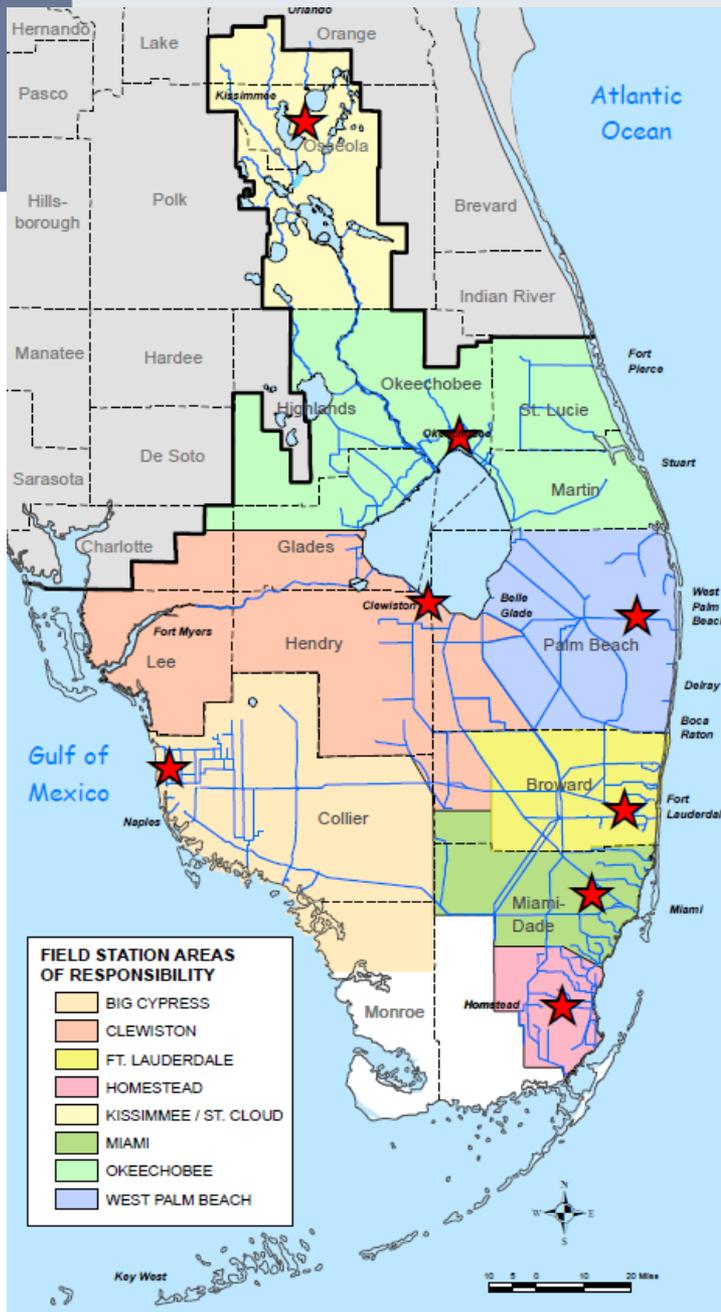
$$\frac{\sum (SIP \text{ "C" Rating} \times \text{Structure Capacity})}{\sum \text{Structure Capacities}}$$

- Non-Flow Weighted

$$\frac{\sum (SIP \text{ "C" Rating} \times \text{Structures with rating})}{\text{Total Number of Structures}}$$

C-Rating	GPA Range		
	C-1 = 4.0	A	4
	A-	3.82	3.50
	B+	3.49	3.17
C-2 = 3.0	B	3.16	2.83
	B-	2.82	2.50
	C+	2.49	2.17
C-3 = 2.0	C	2.16	1.83
	C-	1.82	1.50
	D+	1.49	1.17
C-4 = 1.0	D	1.16	0.83
	D-	0.82	0.50
C-5 = 0.0	F	0.49	0.00

Field Station Areas of Responsibility



Field Operations – North

- St. Cloud
- Okeechobee
- Clewiston
- West Palm Beach

Field Operations – South

- Ft. Lauderdale
- Big Cypress
- Miami
- Homestead

Locations are based on 2-hour response time

Average age of field stations: *36 years*

Field Stations

- **8** field stations maintain a total of **130** buildings
- Average age **36** years

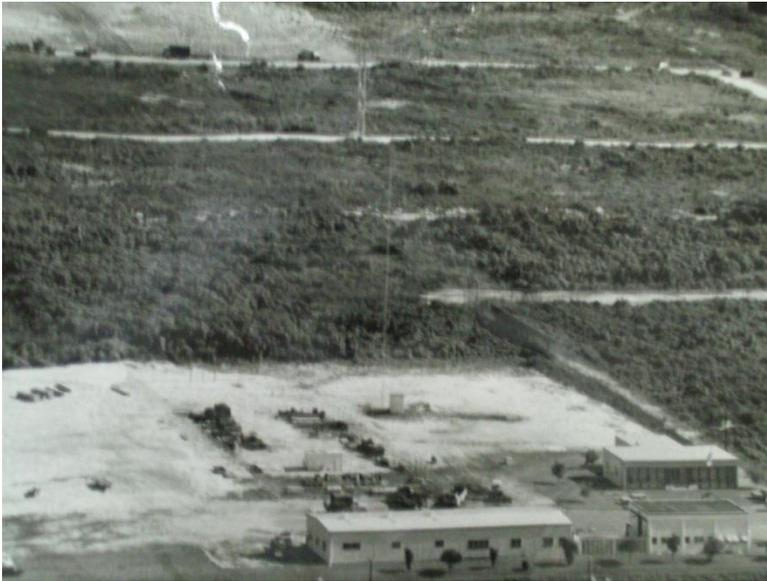


Saint Cloud Field Station



New BCB Field Station Rendering

Field Stations – Past



Field Stations – Present



Cracks in Loading Dock



Low Vertical Clearance



Corrosion on Roof Beams

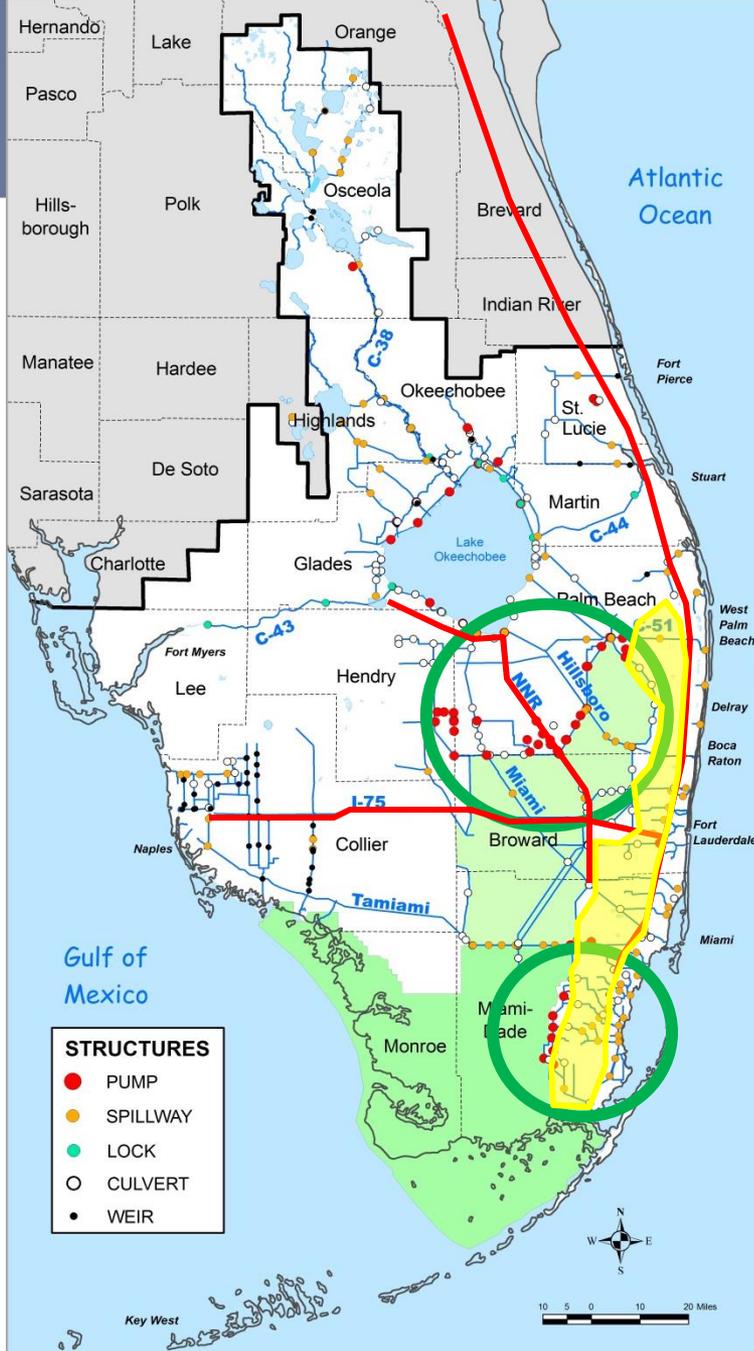


Concrete cracking containment area

Field Stations – Present



A Fresh Look at Regional Response



- Technology - Automation
- ■ Infrastructure support
 - I-95, I-75, Sawgrass Exprwy, US27
 - Telemetry communications
 - More robust communications
 - Telephone (Mobile, Sat., etc.)
 - Internet
 - More robust electrical power distribution
- ■ Distribution of new works
 - Remote areas
- ■ Increased risk profile
 - Population growth in poorly drained areas

Pump Stations

- 1999: **26** pump stations
- 2014: **71** pump stations
- 173% increase



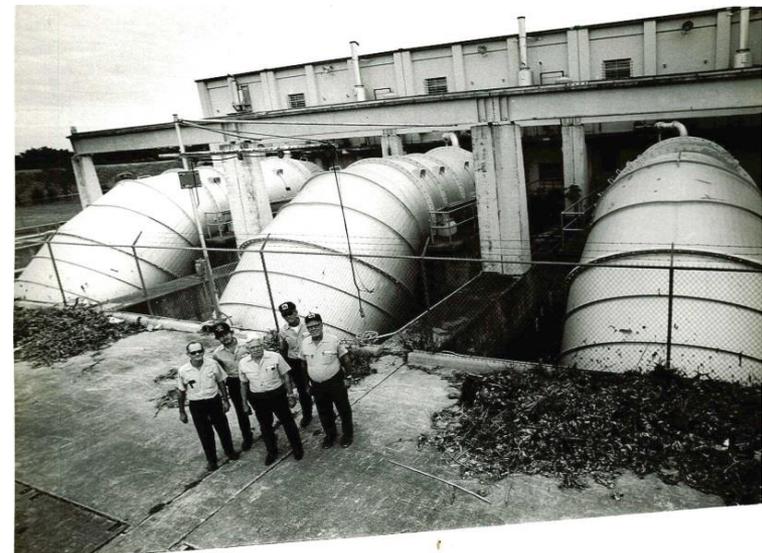
Pump Stations – Past



APPENDIX IX

Plate 10:

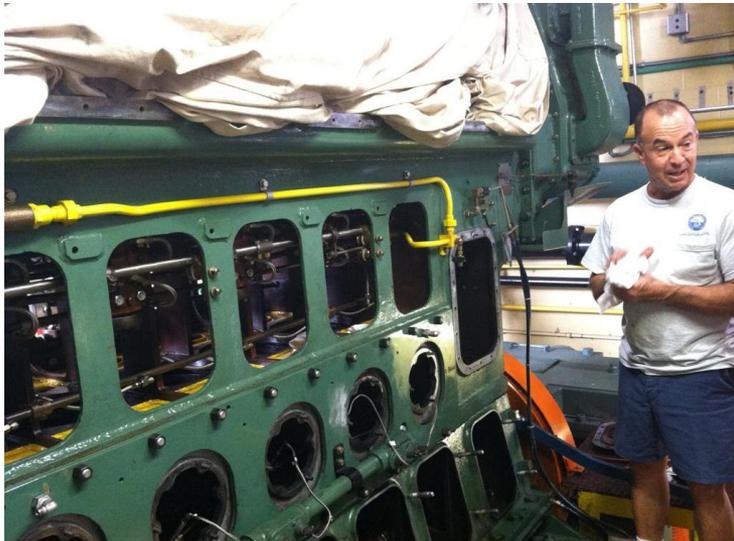
Pumping Station 9 1800 H.P. radial engine and engine control board



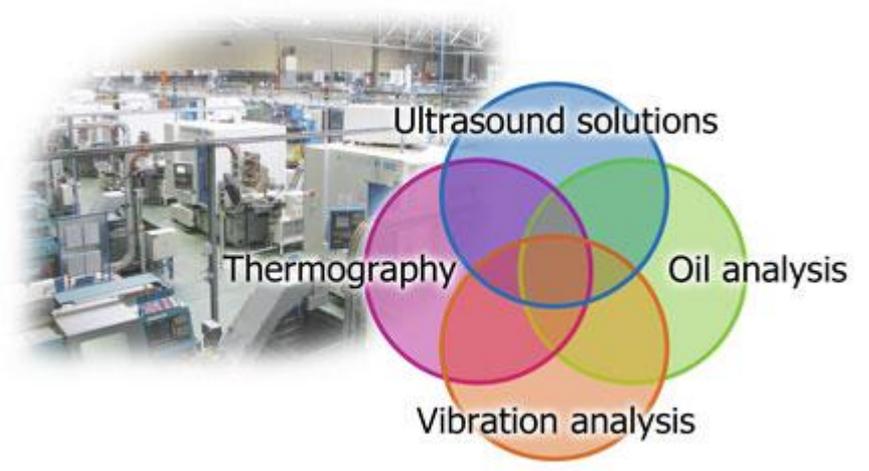
Pump Stations – Present



Pump Stations – Present



Pump Stations – Future



Water Control Structures

- 1999: **373** structures
- 2014: **667** structures
- 79% increase



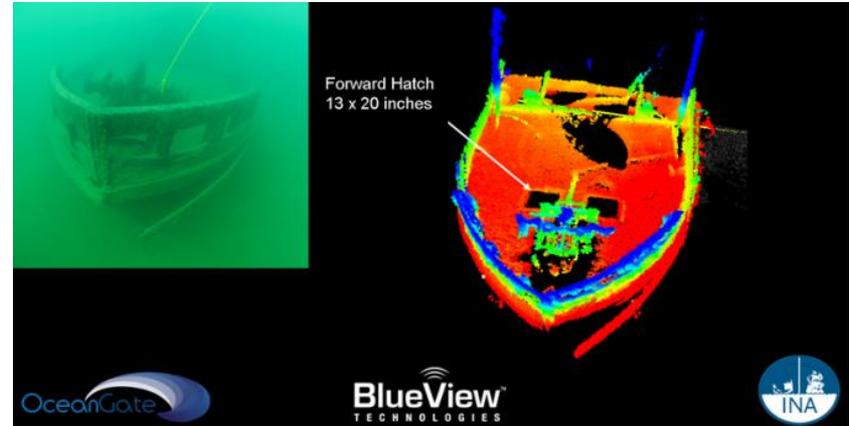
Water Control Structures – Past



Water Control Structures – Present



Water Control Structures – Future



Efficiencies Implemented to Mitigate Effect of Infrastructure Growth

- Reduction of preventative maintenance cycles on all structures and pump stations
- Converting to one-man pumping shifts wherever possible
- Staff directed to new infrastructure
- PSA/PSO Program



Canals

- 1999: **1,706** miles
- 2014: **2,059** miles
- 20% increase



Canals and Vegetation Management – Past



Canals and Vegetation Management – Past



Canals and Vegetation Management – Present



Canals and Vegetation Management – Present



Canals and Vegetation Management – Future



Biocontrol Insects – Melaleuca



Without Biocontrol



With Biocontrol



Melaleuca gall fly

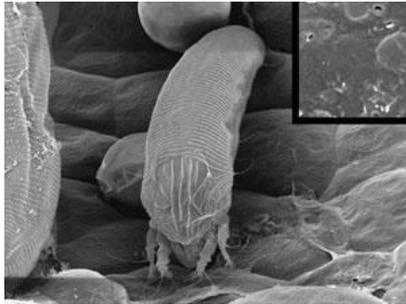


Melaleuca weevil



Melaleuca psyllid

Biocontrol Insects - *Lygodium*



Lygodium mite



Brown lygodium moth



Invasive Vegetation Biocontrols

Number of insect species released to date on selected invasive plants

- Alligatorweed 3
- Melaleuca 4
- Water hyacinth 4
- Hydrilla 4
- Water lettuce 2
- Giant salvinia 2
- Old World climbing fern 2
- Air potato 1
- Purple loosestrife 4
- Eurasian watermilfoil 3

Levees

- 1999: **1,694** miles
- 2014: **2,027** miles
- 20% increase



Levees – Past

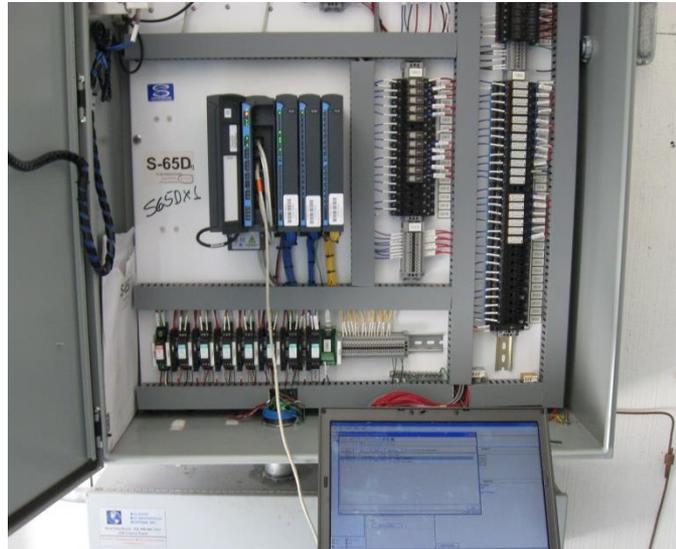
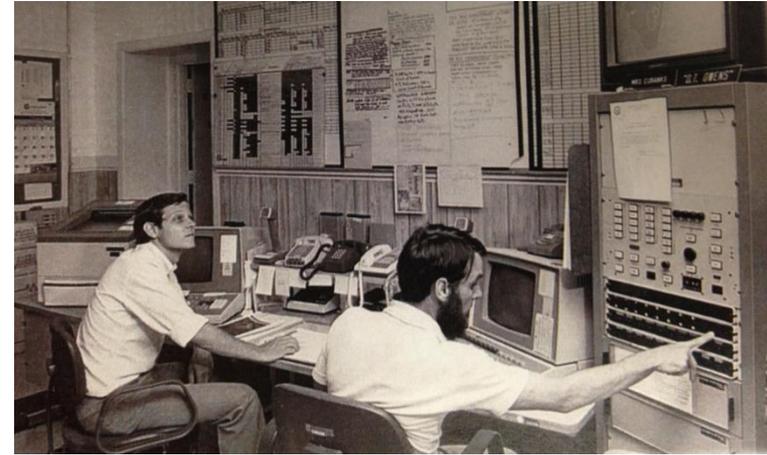


Levees – Present

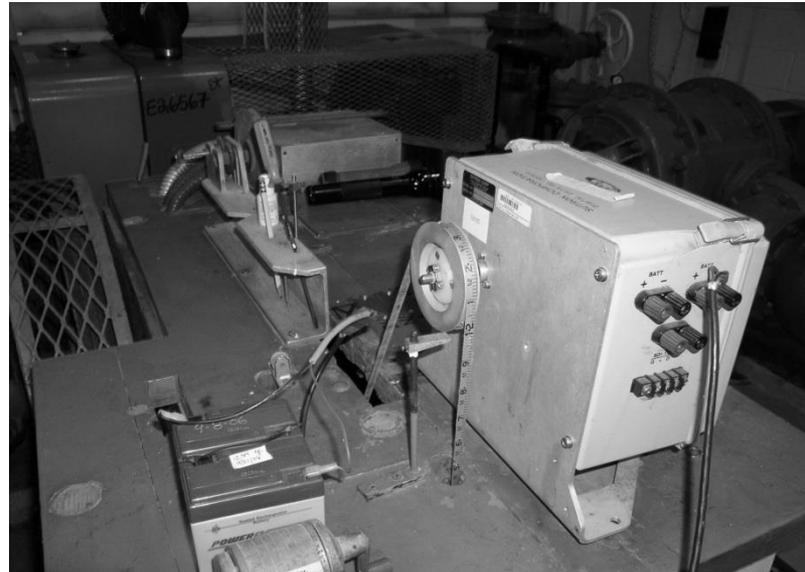
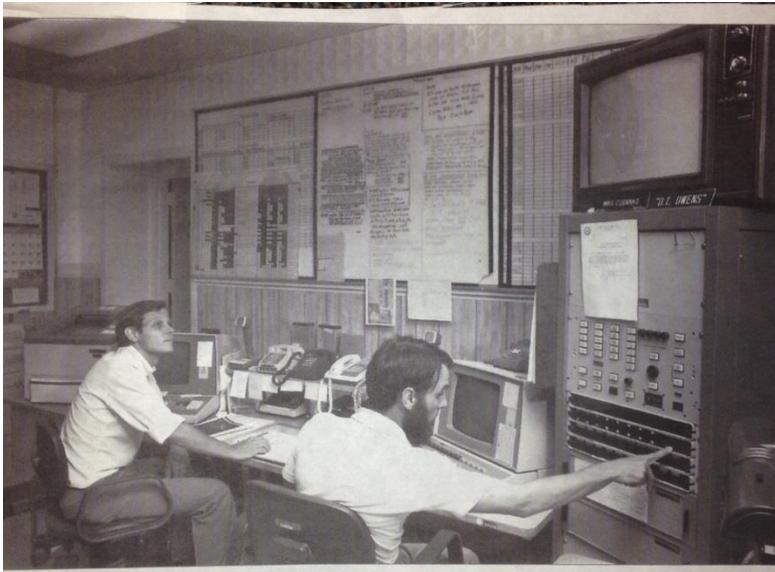
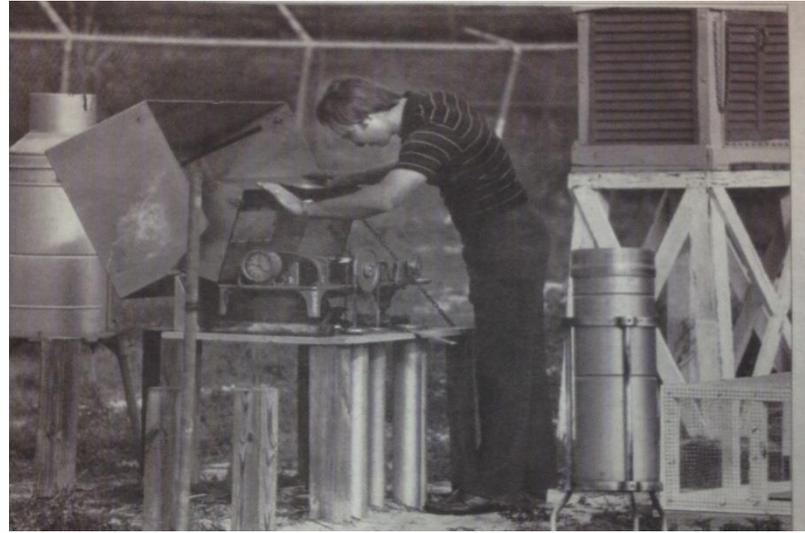
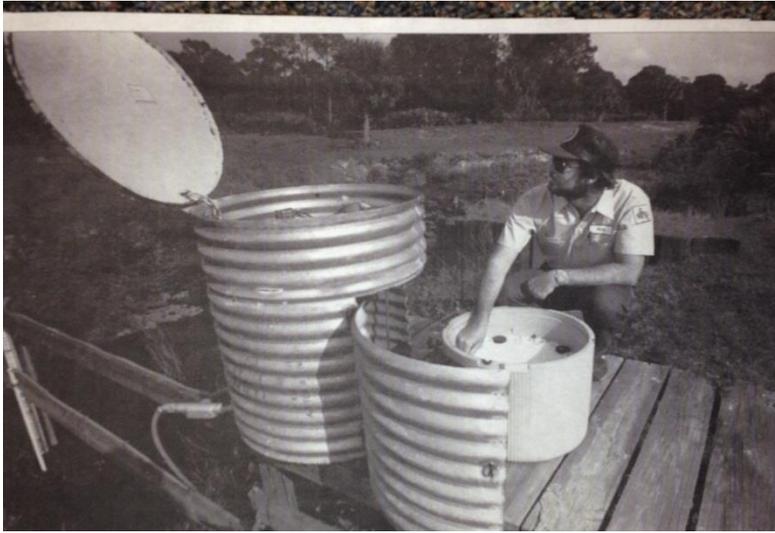


SCADA – Supervisory Control & Data Acquisition

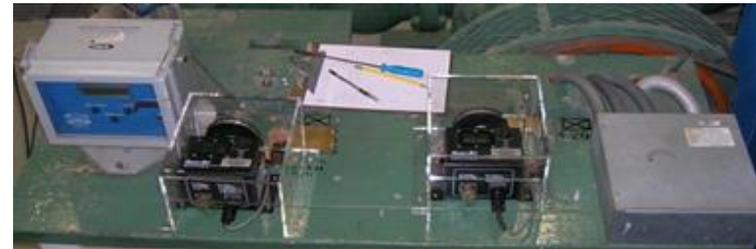
- 1999: **360** remote telemetry sites
- 2014: **1,084** remote telemetry sites
- 201% increase



SCADA – Past



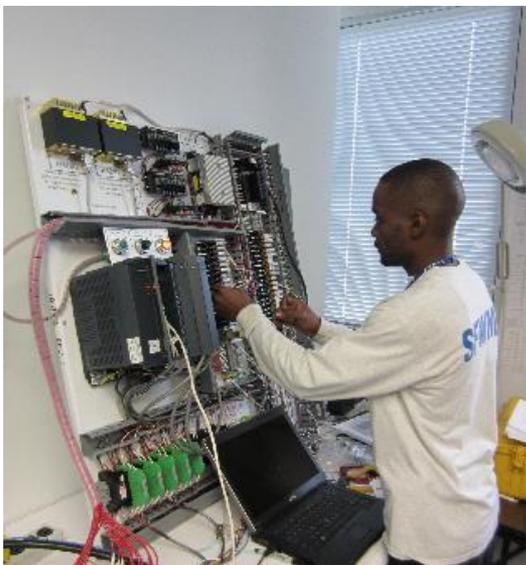
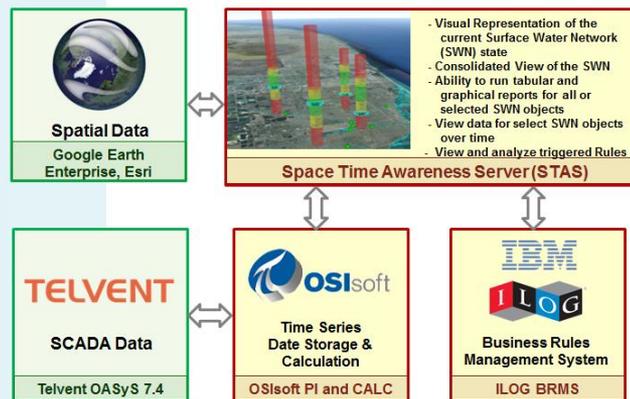
SCADA – Present



SCADA – Future



Major Components of ODSS



Land Management

- Fee-simple lands owned by the District:
759,491 acres
 - *Conservation lands:*
572,014 acres
 - *Project lands:*
187,476 acres
- Lands managed by Land Stewardship Section:
389,427 acres



Land Management - Present

- Restore hydrology
- Reintroduce fire
- Remove exotics
- Provide for public use



Land Management - Future

Land Stewardship Condition Class Indexes



Pine Flatwood Condition Class 1



Pine Flatwood Condition Class 2

Land Management - Future

Land Stewardship Condition Class Indexes



Pine Flatwood Condition Class 3



Pine Flatwood Condition Class 4

Land Management

Invite over the neighbors



Future Projects

- Pump Stations 19
- Structures 134
- Canal Miles 116
- Levee Miles 267

Conclusions

- Technology, SCADA, automation, transportation, communications have allowed staffing to decrease as infrastructure increases
- Reliability Centered Maintenance vs. Routine Maintenance will optimize maintenance activities
- Asset management module will improve cash flow planning and maintenance activities

Conclusions

- Concerns with Senior Trades staff retiring requires succession planning, FY16 includes 12-15 positions leaving
- Completion of additional infrastructure has the potential to significantly increase costs. Reinforces the need to optimize and integrate activities with current workload. More on this next month ...

QUESTIONS?

